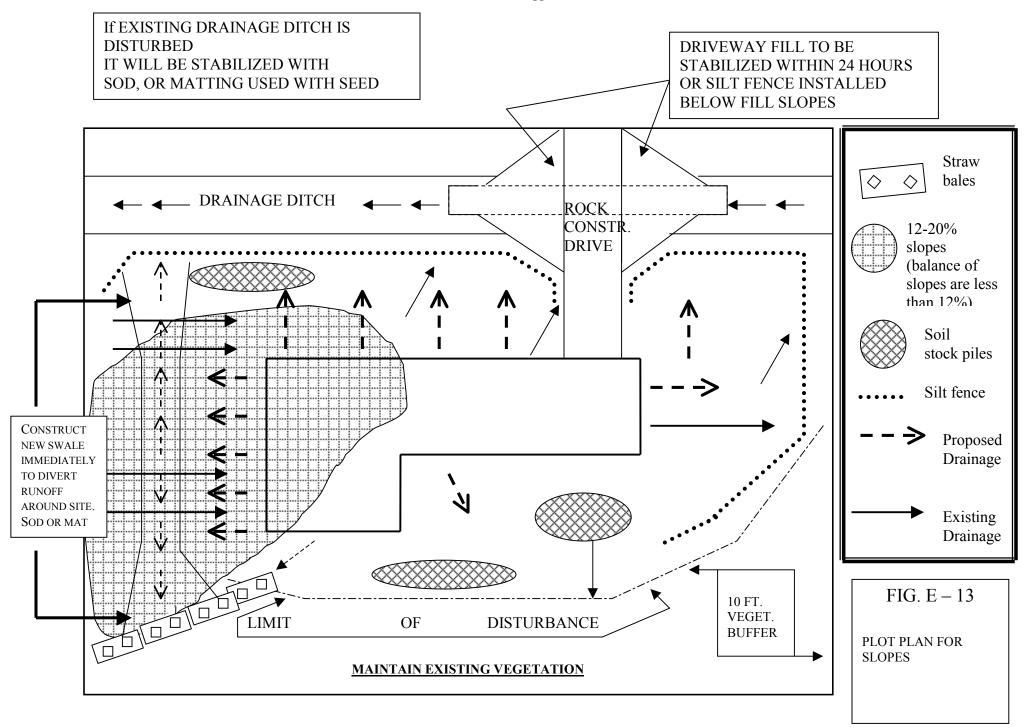
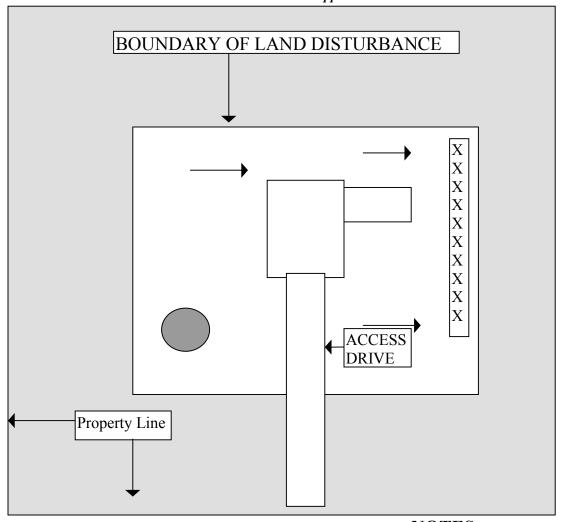
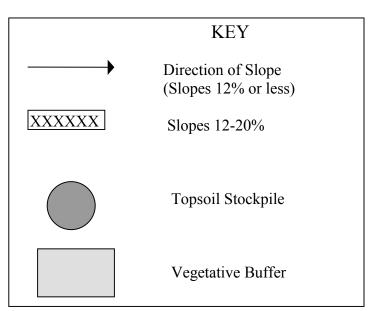


PLOT PLAN FOR

SIMPLE SLOPES





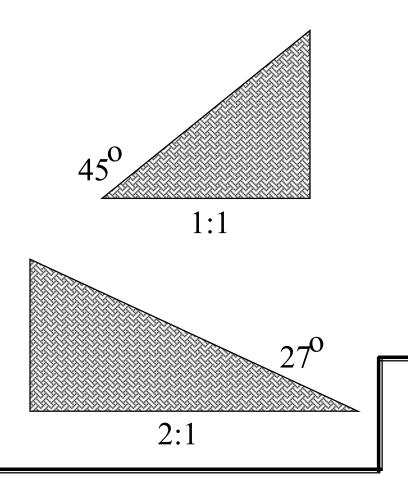


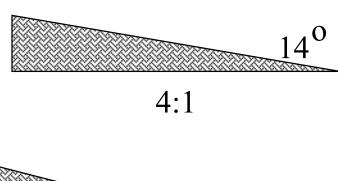
NOTES:

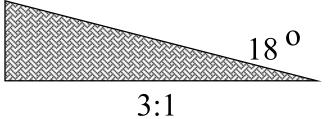
- 1. INDICATES BOUNDARY OF LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY
 - 2. INDICATE SLOPES IN DISTURBED AREAS BY RANGES:
 12% OR LESS
 12-20%
 20% OR STEEPER

FIG. E – 14

EROSION CONTROL PLAN FOR LARGE LOT





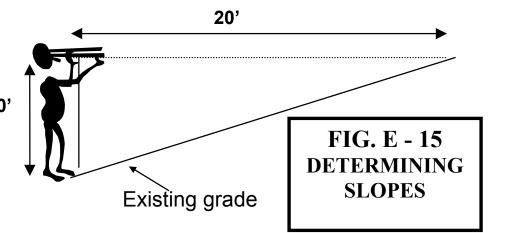


Using hand level available at engineering/drawing supply stores

(ht. From ground to individuals eye level is vert. Dist.) 5.50'

Calculating Slope Gradient

Vertical distance/horizontal distance x 100 = %of slope 5.5'/20' =.275 x 100 = 27.5%



s. Comm 21.16

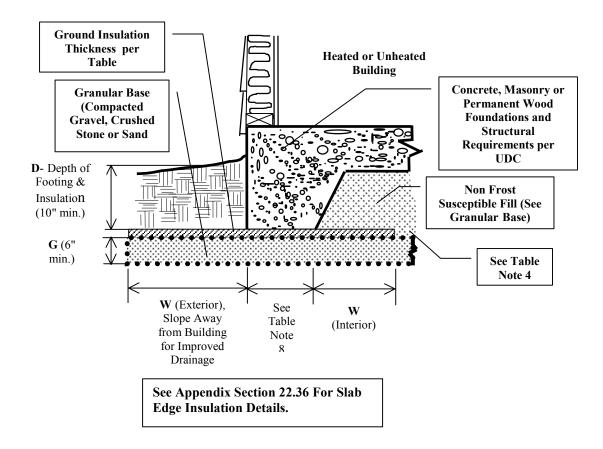
Frost Protected Shallow Footings
In lieu of frost walls, the following is an acceptable method.

Minimum Ground Insulation Requirements (1)

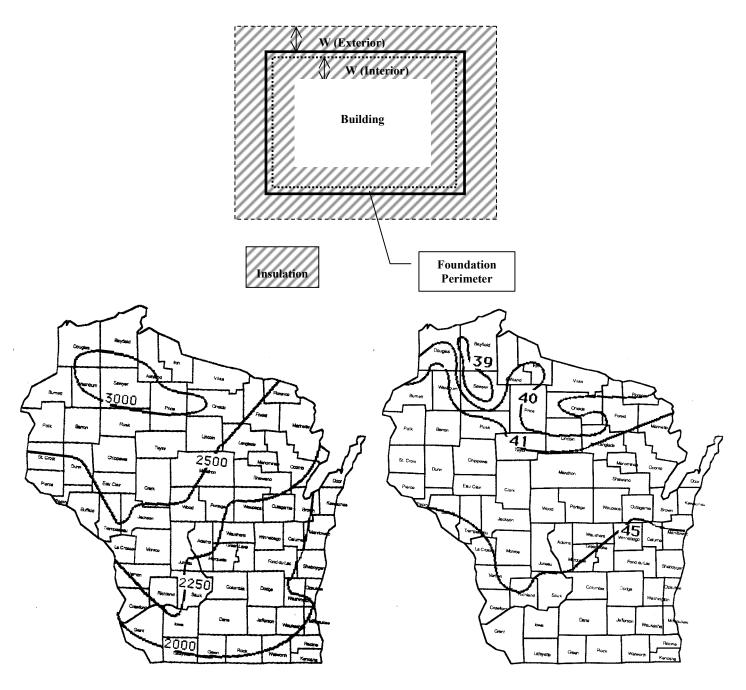
	Mean Tempera	Annua ature (2			Footing Depth (7, 8)	
Air Freezing Index (F- days) (3)	W-Insulation Width from Edge of Footing (4, 5)	38	40	<u>≥</u> 41	D- Concrete Depth	G-Granular Base Thickness
2250 or less	63"	NA	NA	2.5"	10"	6"
2251 - 3000	79"	4"	3.5"	3.5"	10"	6"
3001 - 3750	91"	5"	NA	NA	10"	6"

Notes:

- 1. Also see s. Comm 22.26 for additional slab-edge insulation requirements.
- 2. Units are degrees Fahrenheit. See estimate provided on Mean Annual Temperature Contour Map.
- 3. Air freezing index shall be based on maximum year expected for a 100 year return period. See estimate provided on AFI Contour Map.
- 4. Ground insulation to the building interior can be extended beneath the entire slab where it is desired to protect the entire slab from frost heave action.
- 5. Ground insulation to the building interior can be in one horizontal plane (as shown in the detail) and covered with non frost-susceptible fill or the insulation maybe placed directly beneath the slab.
- 6. Insulation thickness recommendations are for extruded polystyrene (XPS) insulation.
- 7. The minimum depth of concrete footing and horizontal insulation is 10". A 6" drainage layer is required under the insulation.
- 8. Insulation placed directly beneath the footing shall be Type IV or Type VI XPS in accordance with ASTM C578. Maximum deadload placed on the Type IV insulation shall be 1200 pounds/square foot. Maximum deadload placed on Type VI shall be 1900 psf.



Plan View



Air-Freeze Index Contour Map

Mean Annual Temperature Contour Map

UDC Energy Worksheet Example

The UDC Energy Worksheet is required to be submitted with building plans for plan review prior to issuance of a building permit. Following is a sample dwelling and completed Energy Worksheet. The sample completed worksheet has been completed for both the Prescriptive Package and System Design Methods for demonstration purposes. Normally only one method is required to be completed for showing code compliance.

Sample dwelling: Non-Electrically heated single-family dwelling located in Dane County (Zone 3). Has 1,500 square feet and 186 linear feet of perimeter building thermal envelope. Garage is not heated. Estimated infiltration rate is 0.3 air changes per hour. There will be 170 cfm of installed exhaust ventilation.

Gross Above-Foundation Walls:

Wall = $8.09' (97"-1/8") \times 186$ linear feet = 1,504 square feet

Box sill = 0.81 feet (9-3/4 inches deep: sill, header, subfloor) x 186 linear feet = 151 square feet Wood 1 x 8-inch drop siding R = 0.791-inch extruded polystyrene sheathing R = 5R13 batt insulation R = 132 x 4 framing, 16 inches O.C.

1/2-inch drywall finish R = 0.56

Door area = 38 sq ft

Insulated steel doors U = 0.35

Windows:

Above-Foundation Windows - 150 sq ft

Wood, low-E, argon-filled, double-pane with 1/2" air space, rated by NFRC $\,U=0.35\,$ Foundation wall window area = 20 square feet

Operable metal w/o thermal break, double pane U = 0.87

Foundation - 8 ft high, 1 ft exposed

8-inch poured concrete R = 0.8

1-inch extruded polystyrene for full height R = 5

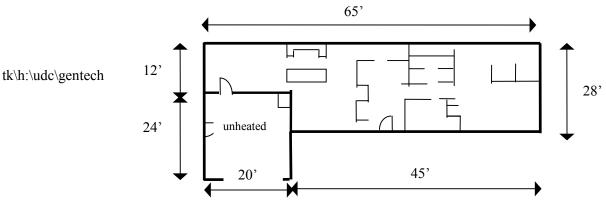
Ceiling - 1,500 square feet, standard roof trusses (no raised heel)

 $2 \times 4 \text{ trusses, } 24 \text{ inches O.C.} \\ \text{Blown fiberglass insulation} \\ \text{Insulation in cavity, } 16 \text{ inches} \\ \text{Insulation over framing, } 12.5 \text{ inches} \\ \text{S/8-inch drywall finish} \\ \\ \text{R} = 4.4 \\ \text{R/inch} = 2.5 \\ \text{R} = 40 \\ \text{R} = 31.25 \\ \text{R} = 0.56$

Heating Plant

Gas-Fired Hot Air, 90% AFUE

High Efficiency



Submit completed worksheet pages 3-6 with dwelling plans to local enforcing municipality.

Project Address: Sample - Zone 3	
Builder:	Owner:
Worksheet Completed By: Does dwelling unit have three kilowatts or more input capacity of the complete of the capacity of the	Date:
☐ YES (see)	below) 💆 NO
You will need to apply the stricter standards shown for electrica A. Area Calculations	lly-heated homes if you answered "YES" to the above question.
Enter appropriate dimensions to obtain area values. Some calcumethod. These calculated areas are referenced elsewhere on this	lations will not be necessary depending on home design or calculation s worksheet, for example, "(A.1.)".
Window, Skylight & Patio Door Area (overall unit area) In Above- Foundation Walls b. In Foundation Walls	Opaque Door Area a. In Above- Foundation Walls b. In Foundation Walls
150 sq. ft. c. Total (a. + b.) = 170 sq. ft.	38 sq. ft. c. Total (a. + b.) = 38 sq. ft.
3. Gross Exposed Basement Wall Area	4. Basement Wall Area Below Grade
1' x 186'	7' x 186'
186 sq. ft.	1302 sq. ft.
5. Opaque [1] Basement Wall Area (A.3. + A.4 A.1.bA.2.b.)	6. Gross Heated Above-Foundation Wall Area, including boxsill
186 + 1302 - 20 - 0	1504 + 151
1468 sq. ft. If the exposed area of A.3.is greater than the below grade area of	1655
A.4., add A.5. to A.7 and cross out the number in this cell. 7. Above Foundation Code Wall Area (A.6. + A1.b. + A.2.b.)	8. Opaque [1] Above-Foundation Wall Area (A.6 A1.a A.2.a.)
1655 + 20 + 0	1655 - 150 - 38
1675 sq. ft.	1467 sq. ft.
9. Floor Area Over Interior Unconditioned Spaces Less Than 50°	10. Insulated Roof Or Ceiling (less skylights)
30	28 x 45 = 1260 12 x 20 = 240
0 sq. ft.	1500 sq. ft.
11. Exterior Floor Area (Overhangs)	12. Crawl Space Wall Area
0 sq. ft.	0 sq. ft.
13. Slab On Grade (above or less than 12 inches below grade)	14. Total Heated Envelope Area (A.5 + A.7 + A.9 + A.10 + A.11 + A.12 + (A.13. X 2'))
	1468 + 1675 + 0 + 1500 + 0 + 0 + 0
lineal feet of slab perimeter	
15. Percent Glazing (for Prescriptive Package Method, Section B, only) (A.1.c. ÷ A.7. X 100%)	16. Windows Description - Above-Foundation Windows: Frame type: ▼Wood or Wood Clad □ Vinyl □ Metal
170 ÷ 1675 x 100%	Glazing type: Y Dual Triple Dual w/storm panel Dual-Glazing Air Space: 1/4' 3/8" Y 1/2" or more
	Features: X Low-E X Argon-filled □ Suspended film Foundation Windows: □ Vinyl X Metal

B. Prescriptive Package Method (Skip this section if using the System Design Method of Sections C-F)

The prescriptive package method is the simplest method for determining compliance with the UDC insulation and window requirements. To use the prescriptive package method, enter your actual design values in the "Actual" row below. For a component, with two or more areas of different insulation levels, such as windows, either use the least insulating value for both areas or use the Weighted Average tables below. Multiply your % glazing by the glazing U-value to obtain your "Glazing Factor". Find the Prescriptive Table that applies to your space heating fuel and sheathing type. Select a package from the table that most closely matches the construction indicated on your plans. Do not exceed the package U-values or glazing factor or fall below the package R-values with your design. Transfer the R-Values and U-values to the blank table below in the "Allowed" row. Then proceed to Section F. See page 2 for detailed instructions for this section.

	Package	% glazing	U glazing	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R Bsmt. Crawl	U door	U	Equip.
	#			(% glazing × U			Space, Slab or		overall	Eff.
				glazing)			Floor			
Actual		10.2 % (A.15)	0.41	0.042	R13 + 5	R40	R5	0.35		High
Allowed	45			0.0504 Max	R18, I Min	R40 Min	R5 Min	0.35 Max	0.086	High
(Please go	to Section	F.)								

Optional R-Value/U-Value Weighted Average Table for Component: Windows

Component Construction Description	R Value	U-Value	Area	U-Value × Area
		(1÷R Value)	(sq ft)	(UA)
Basement windows		0.87	20	17.4
Above-foundation windows		0.35	150	52.5
			Total Area = 170	Total UA = 69.9
69.9 170	0.4	41		

00.0	÷		=
(Total UA)		(Total Area)	(Weighted Average U-Value (for windows or doors))
	÷		=
(Total Area)		(Total UA)	(Weighted Average R-Value (for all other components))

Optional R-Value/U-Value Weighted Average Table for Component:

Component Construction Description	R Value	U-Value	Area	U-Value × Area
		(1÷R Value)	(sq ft)	(UA)
			Total Area =	Total UA =
÷	_=			
			(1÷R Value)	(1÷R Value) (sq ft) Total Area =

(Total UA)		(Total Area)	(Weighted Average U-Value (for windows or doors))
	_ ÷ _		_=
(Total Area)		(Total UA)	(Weighted Average R-Value (for all other components)

Because the sample house fit a Package, you would normally skip ahead to Section F. For demonstration purposes here, the System Design Method is also completed.

C. Code-Allowed Heat Loss For System Design Method

Enter area values from Section A as notated and temperature differences per footnote 2 into this table and then multiply across by the electric or non-electric code-required U-value. Total the right column to find the total allowed heat loss factor.

Component	Area From Sect A.	× Requi	= Heat Loss UA	
		■ NON-ELEC	□ ELECTRIC	
1. Opaque Basement Wall [2]	1468 (A.5.)	0.077 [3]	0.077 [3]	113
2. Above Foundation Code Wall	1675 (A.7.)	0.110	0.080	184
3. Floor Over Interior Unconditioned Space	(A.9.)	0.050	0.050	
4. Roof or Ceiling	1500 (A.10.)	0.026	0.020	39
5. Floor Over Exterior	(A.11.)	0.033	0.033	
6. Crawl Space Wall	(A.12.)	0.060	0.060	
7. Slab On Grade ☐ Unheated		0.72 'F'	0.68 'F'	
☐ Heated [3]	(A.13.) Lin. ft.	0.70 'F'	0.68' F'	
8. Subtotal				336
9. Credit for High Efficiency Heating Plant: 1.18 for fu Otherwise use 1.0	rnace or boiler >90% AFUI	E; 1.15 for heat pun	np> 7.8 HPSF,	× 1.18
10.	Total Co	de-Allowed He	at Loss Factor	396.5

D. System Design Method - Actual 'U' Values Of Your Home's Components

D.1. Above-Foundation Components - If applicable, check the appropriate typical component constructions listed below, and use the pre-calculated U values. If your wall construction is not listed, you may obtain a pre-calculated U value from the default U-Value tables in the UDC Appendix. (Note that the default Table 2 Wood Frame U-values assume no insulating sheathing which penalizes you if your wall does have insulating sheathing, then you may need to use the Manual Calculation section below.) If you are using exterior metal framing, then you must use the Metal-Frame Wall U-Values of the UDC Appendix. If your component construction is not listed here or in the default tables, you need to use the Manual Calculation section below to manually enter R-values for the different layers of building materials from the Typical Thermal Properties of Building Materials Table of the UDC Appendix, ASHRAE Fundamentals Manual or manufacturer's specifications. Total them across and then obtain the U-value by taking the reciprocal (1/R) of the total R-value.

Above-Foundation V	Valls □ 2X4	, 16" O.C.	, R-13 bat	t, R-1 board: U	079	□ 2X4	, 16" O.C., R-1	3 batt, R-	5 board: U	J061	
	□ 2X6	, 16" O.C.	, R-19 bat	t, R-1 board: U	059	□ 2X6	, 16" O.C., R-1	9 batt, R-	5 board: U	J - .049	
☐ Other - describe:		-					U	· -	from D	efault Tabl	e
Roof or Ceiling	□ 2X4	truss, 24"	O.C., wit	h R-38 insulatio	n: U03	0 □ 2X4	truss, 24" O.C	., with R-5	52 insulati	on: U02	25
	□ 2X1	2 cathedra	al ceiling,	16" O.C., with R	2-38 insula	tion U02	7				
MOther - describe: F	R40 with regu	ılar truss	es	-			J	J - 0.029	from D	efault Tab	le 1
Floor Over Exterior	or Unconditio	ned Spac	e	□ 2X10 joists,	16" O.C.,	R-19 batt: U	J - .047				
☐ Other - describe:							Ţ	J -	from I	Default Tab	le
		Option	nal Manu	al U-Value Cal	culation (i	if assembly	not listed abov	/e)			
	Cavity Or	Ext.	Ext.	Insulation	Shea-	Framing	Insulation	Inter-	Int.	Total	U-Value
Component	Solid If	Air	Finish	Over	thing	Or Solid	Within	ior	Air	R-	
Name	Applicable	Film*		Framing			Cavity	Finish	Film*	Value	
Above Foundation	Cavity	.17	0.79	5.0			13	0.56	.68	20.2	.050
Wall	Solid	.17	0.79	5.0		4.4		0.56	.68	11.6	.086
	Cavity										
	Solid										

* Air Film R-Values

Location	Heat Flow Direction							
	Upwards	Downwards						
Exterior	.17	.17	.17					
Interior	.61	.68	.92					

D.2. Foundation And Slab-On-Grade Components - Check appropriate boxes for planned type of construction to determine precalculated overall 'U-value' including air films, wall, insulation, soil and cavity/solid differences. Slab on grade F-values are per lineal foot of slab perimeter.

Component Type	U-V	alue	
Foundation Wall	Basement	Crawl Space	
☐ Masonry or concrete wall without insulation	0.360	0.477	
Masonry or concrete wall with R-5 insulation board for full height	0.115 0.136		
☐ Masonry or concrete wall with R-10 insulation board or R-11 insulation batt and 2X4's for full height	0.072	0.081	
☐ Permanent wood foundation with R-19 batt for full height	0.054	0.059	
☐ Basement or crawl space floor without insulation	0.025	0.025	
Slab-On-Grade (or within 12" of grade)	F-Value		
☐ Slab-on-grade without insulation	1.04		
☐ Slab-on-grade with R-5 insulation for 48" total horizontal and vertical application	0.74		
☐ Slab-on-grade with R-10 insulation board for 48" total application	0.68		

D.3. Windows And Doors - Use manufacturer's specifications for window and glazed door values, if they were determined per NFRC Std 100, to enter into Table E. Otherwise see default tables of UDC s. Comm 22.05 for U-values.

E. System Design Method - Calculated Envelope Heat Loss Factor Of Your Home

Enter values into table from elsewhere on this worksheet and multiply across to find the actual heat loss factor of each component. If using pre-calculated component U-values, do not calculate separate cavity and solid figures or apply wood frame factors. Total

component heat loss factors in right column to find total envelope heat loss factors.

Component	Cavity Or Solid If Applicable	Area From Sect. A	× Wood Frame Factor**	× Actual 'U' Value From Sect. D	= Heat Loss Factor (UA)
Above-Foundation Windows		150 (A.1.a.)		0.35	52.5
Foundation Windows		20 (A.1.b)		0.87	17.4
Doors		38 (A.2.c)		0.35	13.3
Opaque Basement Wall		1468 (A.5.)		0.115	168.8
Opaque Above-Foundation Wall	Cavity		.75	.050	55
	Solid	1467 (A.8.)	.25	.086	31.5
Floor Over Unconditioned Spaces	Cavity				
	Solid	(A.9.)			
Roof or Ceiling	Cavity				
	Solid	1500 (A.10.)		0.029	43.5
Floor Over Exterior	Cavity				
	Solid	(A.11.)			
Crawl Space Wall		(A.12.)			
Slab On Grade		(A.13.)Lin. ft.		F-Value	
Fotal Calculated Envelope F Factor of line 10 of Section C.			Total Code All by more than 19		382

** Adjustment Factors For Wood-Framed Components - Do not apply if your are using a pre-calculated or default U-Value.

Spacing Of Framing	Stud	Walls	Joists/Rafters		
Members	Cavity	Solid	Cavity	Solid	
12"	.70	30	.86	.14	
16"	75	25	.90	.10	
24"	.78	.22	.93	.07	

F. Heat Loss Factor Due to Air Infiltration (for heating equipment sizing)

Enter appropriate values. A maximum infiltration air change rate of 0.5 per hour is allowed in addition to ventilation losses.

Floor Level	Area (sq ft)	× Height (ft)	Fan Capacity (cfm)	× Constant	× Air Changes Per Hour	= Heat Loss Factor(UA)
Basement	1500	8		.018	0.3	64.8
Level 1	1500	8		.018	0.3	64.8
Level 2				.018		
Level 3				.018		
Ventilation			170	.432		73.4
		Tota	l Infiltration &	& Ventilation	Heat Loss Factor	203

G. Heating Equipment Sizing

Enter appropriate value to determine the maximum and minimum allowable heating equipment capacity in BTUs/HR. A more detailed calculation may be submitted to the local code official. [4]

definition may be submitted to the local code official. [4]		
Prescriptive Package 0.086 × 4643		
Method: U overall from selected Prescriptive Total Envelope Area		
Package of Section B (A.14.)		399.3
OR System Design Method: Calculated Heat Loss Factor from Sect. E.		
Infiltration & Ventilation Heat Loss Factor (from Sect. F.)	+	203
Total Heat Loss Factor (UA)	=	602.3
Temperature Difference from Zone Table on page 1	×	85
Minimum Heating Equipment Output	=	51,196
Allowable Heating Equipment Size Margin Multiplier	×	1.15
Maximum Allowable Heating Equipment Output [5]	=	58,875
Planned Furnace Output Or Boiler IBR Rating		60,000
Make & Model if High Efficiency Credit has been taken: Acme XLH60K		

Prescriptive Package Tables (Corrected)

(See notes on page 2 of Energy Worksheet; I = insulating sheathing, RT = raised heel roof truss)

Table B-1 Prescriptive packages, Non-electric Heat, Structural Sheathing only									
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R basement	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency		
1	0.0370	R21	R42	R7	0.35	0.073	Normal		
2	0.0264	R21	R51, RT	R5	0.35	0.073	Normal		
3	0.0333	R15	R42	R10	0.35	0.073	Normal		
4	0.0440	R19	R33	R10	0.35	0.073	Normal		
5	0.0330	R13	R42	R11	0.35	0.073	Normal		
6	0.0480	R19	R33	R11	0.35	0.073	Normal		
7	0.0600	R21	R47	R11	0.35	0.073	Normal		
8	0.0407	R13	R44	R13	0.35	0.073	Normal		
9	0.0600	R19	R42	R13	0.35	0.073	Normal		
10	0.0680	R21	R38, RT	R13	0.35	0.073	Normal		
11	0.0296	R13	R49	R5	0.35	0.086	High		
12	0.0440	R19	R30	R5	0.35	0.086	High		
13	0.0520	R21	R33	R5	0.35	0.086	High		
14	0.0720	R13	R47	R10	0.35	0.086	High		
15	0.0784	R19	R38	R10	0.47	0.086	High		
16	0.0640	R13	R33	R11	0.47	0.086	High		
17	0.0896	R19	R49	R11	0.35	0.086	High		
18	0.0896	R21	R34	R11	0.35	0.086	High		
19	0.0920	R19	R34	R11	0.47	0.086	High		
20	0.0840	R13	R49	R13	0.35	0.086	High		
21	0.0840	R19	R30	R13	0.47	0.086	High		
22	0.0896	R21	R31	R13	0.47	0.086	High		
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R crawl	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency		
23	0.0520	R19	R34	R19	0.47	0.070	Normal		
24	0.0672	R13	R36	R19	0.47	0.083	High		
25	0.0720	R13	R33	R19	0.47	0.083	High		
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R slab	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency		
26	0.0560	R21	R36	R5	0.47	0.103	Normal		
27	0.0728	R13	R36	R5	0.47	0.121	High		
28	0.0760	R13	R34	R5	0.47	0.121	High		
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R heated-slab	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency		
29	0.0560	R21	R47	R5	0.47	0.101	Normal		
30	0.0728	R13	R42	R5	0.47	0.120	High		
31	0.0760	R13	R38	R5	0.47	0.120	High		
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R floor	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency		
32	0.0480	R19	R47	R19	0.35	0.065	Normal		
33	0.0728	R19	R36	R19	0.47	0.077	High		
34	0.0560	R13	R34	R19	0.47	0.077	High		
		Table B-2 I	Prescriptive pac	kages, Non-elect	tric Heat, In	sulating Sheath	ing		
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R basement	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency		
35	0.0370	R20, I	R42	R7	0.35	0.073	Normal		

0.0363 R28, I R38, RT R5 0.35 0.073 36 Normal R10 37 0.0552 R18, I R44 0.35 0.073 Normal 38 R10 0.35 0.073 0.0560R20, I R47 Normal 39 0.0560 R23, I R34 R10 0.35 0.073 Normal 40 0.0560 R18, I R47 R11 0.35 0.073 Normal 41 0.0616 R23, I R42 R11 0.35 0.073 Normal 42 R18, I R44 R11 0.35 0.0546 0.073 Normal 43 0.0672 R23, I R40 R13 0.35 0.073 Normal 44 0.0720 R25, I R36 R13 0.35 0.073 Normal 45 0.0504 R18, I R40 R5 0.35 0.086 High R5 0.35 46 0.0560 R19, I R47 0.086 High 47 R38 R5 0.47 0.0560 0.086 High R23, I 48 0.0600 R25, I R38 R5 0.47 0.086 High 49 0.0680 R26, I R42 R5 0.35 0.086 High 50 0.0680 R28, I R47 R5 0.47 0.086 High 51 R47 0.35 0.0672 R26, I R5 0.086 High 0.086 52 R28, I R38 R5 0.35 0.0672 High 0.47 53 0.0720 R20, I R42 R7 0.086 High 54 R11 0.35 0.0855 R18, I R36 0.086High

Wisconsin Uniform Dwelling Code Energy Worksheet

Instructions: This worksheet is a Safety & Buildings Division (S&BD)-approved method of manually showing compliance with the energy conservation and heating equipment sizing requirements of the Uniform Dwelling Code (UDC), for new dwelling permits **submitted on or after February 1, 1999**. It may be necessary for the user to purchase a copy of the UDC from State Document Sales, (608)266-3358. Additional information is printed in the UDC Commentary, which is available for a fee, as are blank copies of this form, from S&BD at POB 2509, Madison, WI 53701, Tel. 608-267-4405. **Earlier editions of this worksheet may NOT be used**. Numbers in brackets, [1], refer to the footnotes printed on page 2.

You may also submit completed worksheets from the computer program WIS*check*, which is available for free download from http://www.energycodes.org/ on the Internet.

A required U-value is the **maximum** acceptable heat transmittance for an element. A required insulation R-value is the **minimum** acceptable level of resistance to heat transmittance. (U-values and R-values are reciprocals of each other.) If a component includes two or more areas of different insulation levels, either use the less insulating value for both areas, or use the Optional Weighted Average table in the **Prescriptive Package Method** section or enter separate areas and insulation values in the **System Design Method**. All "U" values must be carried to four places after the decimal point, rounded to three places. Other values may be rounded to the whole number.

Window and door U-values must be tested and documented by the manufacturer in accordance with the National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC) test procedures or be taken from the glazing U-value table in s. Comm 22.05. Center-of-glass U-values cannot be used. If a door contains glass and an aggregate U-value rating for that door is not available, include the glass area of the door with your windows and use the opaque door U-value to determine compliance of the door.

The code gives credit for **high-efficiency heating equipment**. "High-Efficiency" means a furnace with an AFUE of 90% or more, or a heat pump with an HSPF of 7.8 or more without the use of electric resistance backup heat of greater than 3 kilowatts. If you plan to install more than one piece of heating equipment, the equipment with the lowest efficiency must exceed the efficiency required by the selected package.

Choice of Method: You have the choice of using the Prescriptive Package Method or the System Design Method to show code compliance. For the simpler **Prescriptive Package Method**, which is recommended for standard designs, complete Sections **A., B., F., and G**. Instructions are on page 2. You will be first calculating component areas, then comparing your planned insulation levels to the required insulation levels of the Prescriptive Packages. You will then calculate infiltration and ventilation heat losses to size your heating equipment. If you cannot comply with one of the prescriptive packages, you may be able to show compliance by the System Design Method.

For the **System Design Method**, which is recommended for alternative designs in which more insulation is installed in one component to offset less in another, complete **Sections A., C., D., E., F. and G.** You will be first calculating component areas, then a code-allowed heat loss factor, then component U- and R-values and then your calculated heat loss factor which you will compare to the code-allowed heat loss factor. You will then calculate infiltration and ventilation heat losses to size your heating equipment.

The **County Zone Table** below is use for determining the temperature difference for sizing your heating plant in Section G. You may submit to your local code official more exact calculations to size your heating equipment.

Zone 1 - 95 degrees	Zone 2 - 90 degrees	Zone 3 - 85 degrees	Zone 4 - 80 degrees
Ashland, Barron, Bayfield,	Adams, Buffalo, Clark, Eau Claire,	Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Crawford,	Jefferson, Kenosha,
Burnett, Chippewa, Douglas,	Jackson, Juneau, LaCrosse, Langlade,	Dane, Dodge, Door, Fond du Lac,	Milwaukee, Ozaukee,
Dunn, Florence, Forest, Iron,	Marathon, Marinette, Menominee,	Grant, Green, Green Lake, Iowa,	Racine, Rock,
Lincoln, Oneida, Pierce, Polk,	Monroe, Portage, Shawano, Oconto,	Kewaunee, LaFayette, Manitowoc,	Walworth,
Price, Rusk, Saint Croix,	Pepin, Trempeleau, Vernon,	Marquette, Outagamie, Richland, Sauk,	Washington,
Sawyer, Taylor, Vilas, Washburn	Waupaca, Wood	Sheboygan, Waushara, Winnebago	Waukesha

Detailed Instructions for Section B. Prescriptive Package Method:

R-value requirements are for insulation only and do not include structural components.

For a component with two or more areas of different insulation levels, either use the least insulating value for both areas or use the Weighted Average tables on page 4.

Wall R-values represent the sum of the wall cavity insulation plus insulating sheathing, if used. Do not include exterior siding, structural sheathing or interior drywall. For example, an R-20 requirement could be met *EITHER* by R-15 cavity insulation plus R-5 sheathing *OR* R-13 cavity insulation plus R-7 sheathing. Note that there are separate tables for walls with structural sheathing only and for walls with insulating sheathing. To use a table for insulating sheathing, the sheathing used must be at least R-4, except that at least R-2 insulation may be provided over corner bracing. Table wall R-Values apply to wood-frame or mass (concrete, masonry, log) wall assemblies, but not to metal-frame construction. If metal frame is planned, use the adjusted R-Values from the Metal-Frame Wall Tables of the UDC Appendix. Table wall values apply to boxsills.

Ceiling R-values represent the sum of the cavity insulation plus insulating sheathing, if used. For ventilated ceilings, any insulating sheathing must be placed between the conditioned space and the ventilated portion of the roof. Ceiling R-values with "RT" indicates that a raised-heel truss or oversized truss construction must be used so that the insulation achieves the full insulation thickness over the exterior walls.

Floor requirements apply to floors over unconditioned spaces (such as un-insulated crawlspaces, basements and garages). Floors over outside air shall have a Uoverall = 0.033 or R-30 added insulation.

"Heated-Slab" requirements apply to slabs that contain heat ducts or pipes. All slab insulation must extend at least 48 inches either 1) down from the top of the slab, or 2) down from the top of the slab to the bottom of the slab and then horizontally underneath the slab, or 3) down from the top of the slab to the bottom of the slab and then horizontally away from the slab, with pavement or at least 10 inches of soil covering the horizontal insulation.

Walls of basements below un-insulated floors must be insulated from the top of the basement wall to the level of the basement floor. Conditioned basement windows and glass doors must be included with the other glazing. Exterior basement doors must meet the door U-value requirements. If more than 50% of the basement is exposed, then all of the basement walls must instead meet the above-foundation wall requirements.

Crawl space wall R-value requirements are for walls of unventilated crawlspaces. The crawlspace wall insulation must extend from the top of the wall (including the sill plate) to at least 12 inches below the outside finished grade. If the distance from the outside finished grade to the top of the footing is less than 12 inches, the insulation must extend a total vertical plus horizontal distance of 24 inches from the outside finished grade.

Footnotes for worksheet:

- [1] Opaque wall area is wall area minus opening areas of doors and windows.
- [2] These below-grade U-values have the insulating value of the soil added to the code-required U-values which apply to the building materials only. See Sect. D.2. for typical insulated component U-values.
- [3] These slab-on-grade F-values are derived from the code-required U-values and include the heat loss through the edge and body of the slab. See Sect. D.2. Temperature difference is the same as for above-grade spaces.
- [4] For building additions, show that the existing heating equipment, if used to heat the addition, is large enough. To do so, you must calculate the heat loss of the whole building.
- [5] If desired manufacturer does not have a furnace of this size, then a designer may select the manufacturer's next larger size.

Submit completed worksheet pages 3-6 with dwelling plans to local enforcing municipality.

Project Address:	
Builder:	Owner:
Worksheet Completed By: Does dwelling unit have three kilowatts or more input capacity of YES (see	
You will need to apply the stricter standards shown for electrical	
A. Area Calculations Enter appropriate dimensions to obtain area values. Some calcumethod. These calculated areas are referenced elsewhere on this	ulations will not be necessary depending on home design or calculation s worksheet, for example, "(A.1.)".
 Window, Skylight & Patio Door Area (overall unit area) In Above-Foundation Walls In Foundation Walls 	Opaque Door Area a. In Above- Foundation Walls b. In Foundation Walls
sq. ftsq. ft.	sq. ftsq. ftsq. ft.
3. Gross Exposed Basement Wall Area	4. Basement Wall Area Below Grade
sq. ft.	sq. ft.
5. Opaque [1] Basement Wall Area (A.3. + A.4 A.1.bA.2.b.)	6. Gross Heated Above-Foundation Wall Area, including boxsill
sq. ft.	
If the exposed area of A.3.is greater than the below grade area of A.4., add A.5. to A.7 and cross out the number in this cell.	sq. ft.
7. Above Foundation Code Wall Area (A.6. + A1.b. + A.2.b.)	8. Opaque [1] Above-Foundation Wall Area (A.6 A1.a A.2.a.)
9. Floor Area Over Interior Unconditioned Spaces Less Than	sq. ft. 10. Insulated Roof Or Ceiling (less skylights)
50°	
sq. ft. 11. Exterior Floor Area (Overhangs)	sq. ft.
11. Exterior Froot Area (Overhangs)	12. Clawl Space Wall Alea
sq. ft.	sq. ft.
13. Slab On Grade (above or less than 12 inches below grade)	14. Total Heated Envelope Area (A.5 + A.7 + A.9 + A.10 + A.11 +
	$A.12 + (A.13. \times 2'))$
151.0 (0.1.1)	
lineal feet of slab perimeter 15. Percent Glazing (for Prescriptive Package Method,	sq. ft. 16. Windows Description - Above-Foundation Windows:
Section B, only) (A.1.c. ÷ A.7. × 100%)	Frame type: Wood or Wood Clad Vinyl Metal
555000 5, 0mj) (11.10. · 11.7. ∧ 100/0)	Glazing type: Dual Triple Dual w/storm panel
	Dual-Glazing Air Space: ☐ 1/4' ☐ 3/8" ☐ 1/2" or more
%	Features: □ Low-E □ Argon-filled □ Suspended film Foundation Windows: □ Vinyl □ Metal

B. Prescriptive Package Method (Skip this section if using the System Design Method of Sections C-F)

The prescriptive package method is the simplest method for determining compliance with the UDC insulation and window requirements. To use the prescriptive package method, enter your actual design values in the "Actual" row below. For a component, with two or more areas of different insulation levels, such as windows, either use the least insulating value for both areas or use the Weighted Average tables below. Multiply your % glazing by the glazing U-value to obtain your "Glazing Factor". Find the Prescriptive Table that applies to your space heating fuel and sheathing type. Select a package from the table that most closely matches the construction indicated on your plans. Do not exceed the package U-values or glazing factor or fall below the package R-values with your design. Transfer the R-Values and U-values to the blank table below in the "Allowed" row. Then proceed to Section F. See page 2 for detailed instructions for this section.

	Package #	% glazing	 Glazing Factor (% glazing × U glazing)		R ceiling	R Bsmt, Crawl Space, Slab or Floor	U door	U overall	Equip. Eff.
Actual		% (A.15)							
Allowed			 Max	Min	Min	Min	Max		

(Please go to Section F.)

		(1÷R Value)	(sq ft)	(ΙΙΔ)
	1		(-1 -)	(UA)
			Total Area =	Total UA =
(Total Area)		Average U-Value	(for windows or door	rs))
(Total UA)	(Weighted	Average R-Value	(for all other compo	nents))
Veighted Avera	ge Table for Co			
Description	R Value	U-Value (1÷R Value)	Area (sq ft)	U-Value × Area (UA)
			Total Area =	Total UA =
	(Total UA)	(Total UA) = (Weighted Weighted Average Table for Co	(Total Area) (Weighted Average U-Value = (Weighted Average R-Value) Weighted Average Table for Component: Description R Value U-Value	Total Area) = (Weighted Average U-Value (for windows or door experiment) = (Weighted Average R-Value (for all other composition) Weighted Average Table for Component: Description R Value U-Value (1÷R Value) (sq ft)

C. Code-Allowed Heat Loss For System Design Method

(Total UA)

Enter area values from Section A as notated and temperature differences per footnote 2 into this table and then multiply across by the electric or non-electric code-required U-value. Total the right column to find the total allowed heat loss factor.

(Weighted Average R-Value (for all other components))

•	Area			= Heat Loss				
Component	From Sect A.	× Required U-Value		UA				
		□ NON-ELEC	□ ELECTRIC					
8. Opaque Basement Wall [2]	(A.5.)	0.077 [3]	0.077 [3]					
9. Above Foundation Code Wall	(A.7.)	0.110	0.080					
10. Floor Over Interior Unconditioned Space	(A.9.)	0.050	0.050					
11. Roof or Ceiling	(A.10.)	0.026	0.020					
12. Floor Over Exterior	(A.11.)	0.033	0.033					
13. Crawl Space Wall	(A.12.)	0.060	0.060					
14. Slab On Grade ☐ Unheated		0.72 'F'	0.68 'F'					
☐ Heated [3]	(A.13.) Lin. ft.	0.70 'F'	0.68' F'					
8. Subtotal								
9. Credit for High Efficiency Heating Plant: 1.18 for fur	nace or boiler >90% AFUI	E; 1.15 for heat pur	np> 7.8 HPSF,	×				
Otherwise use 1.0								
10.	. Total Code-Allowed Heat Loss Factor							

(Total Area)

Page 5

D. System Design Method - Actual 'U' Values Of Your Home's Components

D.1. Above-Foundation Components - If applicable, check the appropriate typical component constructions listed below, and use the pre-calculated U values. If your wall construction is not listed, you may obtain a pre-calculated U value from the default U-Value tables in the UDC Appendix. (Note that the default Table 2 Wood Frame U-values assume no insulating sheathing which penalizes you if your wall does have insulating sheathing, then you may need to use the Manual Calculation section below.) If you are using exterior metal framing, then you must use the Metal-Frame Wall U-Values of the UDC Appendix. If your component construction is not listed here or in the default tables, you need to use the Manual Calculation section below to manually enter R-values for the different layers of building materials from the Typical Thermal Properties of Building Materials Table of the UDC Appendix, ASHRAE Fundamentals Manual or manufacturer's specifications. Total them across and then obtain the U-value by taking the reciprocal (1/R) of the total R-value.

Above-Foundation V	Valls □ 2X4	, 16" O.C.	, R-13 bat	t, R-1 board: U	J - .079	□ 2X4	, 16" O.C., R-1	3 batt, R-	5 board: U	J061	
	□ 2X6	, 16" O.C.	, R-19 bat	t, R-1 board: U	J059	□ 2X6	, 16" O.C., R-1	9 batt, R-	5 board: U	J - .049	
☐ Other - describe:			•				Ū	-	from De	efault Table	;
Roof or Ceiling	□ 2X4	truss, 24"	O.C., wit	h R-38 insulation	on: U03	0 □ 2X4	truss, 24" O.C	., with R-5	2 insulati	on: U02	.5
	□ 2X1	2 cathedra	l ceiling,	16" O.C., with	R-38 insula	tion U02	7				
☐ Other - describe:			0.	-			U	-	from De	efault Table	;
Floor Over Exterior	or Unconditio	ned Space	e	□ 2X10 joists	, 16" O.C.,	R-19 batt: U	J047				
☐ Other - describe:		•		2			U	-	from De	efault Table	•
		N	1anual U-	Value Calcula	tion (if ass	embly not li	sted above)				
	Cavity Or	Ext.	Ext.	Insulation	Shea-	Framing	Insulation	Inter-	Int.	Total	U-Value
Component	Solid If	Air	Finish	Over	thing	Or Solid	Within	ior	Air	R-	
Name	Applicable	Film*		Framing			Cavity	Finish	Film*	Value	
	Cavity										
	Solid										
	Cavity										
	Solid										

* Air Film R-Values

Location	Heat Flow Direction							
	Upwards Horizontal Downw							
Exterior	.17	.17	.17					
Interior	.61	.68	.92					

D.2. Foundation And Slab-On-Grade Components - Check appropriate boxes for planned type of construction to determine precalculated overall 'U-value' including air films, wall, insulation, soil and cavity/solid differences. Slab on grade F-values are per lineal foot of slab perimeter.

Component Type	U-Value		
Foundation Wall	Basement	Crawl Space	
☐ Masonry or concrete wall without insulation	0.360	0.477	
☐ Masonry or concrete wall with R-5 insulation board for full height	0.115	0.136	
☐ Masonry or concrete wall with R-10 insulation board or R-11 insulation batt and 2X4's for full height	0.072	0.081	
☐ Permanent wood foundation with R-19 batt for full height	0.054	0.059	
☐ Basement or crawl space floor without insulation	0.025	0.025	
Slab-On-Grade (or within 12 " of grade)	F-Va	lue	
☐ Slab-on-grade without insulation	1.04		
☐ Slab-on-grade with R-5 insulation for 48" total horizontal and vertical application	0.74		
☐ Slab-on-grade with R-10 insulation board for 48" total application	0.6	8	

D.3. Windows And Doors - Use manufacturer's specifications for window and glazed door values, if they were determined per NFRC Std 100, to enter into Table E. Otherwise see default tables of UDC s. Comm 22.05 for U-values.

E. System Design Method - Calculated Envelope Heat Loss Factor Of Your Home

Enter values into table from elsewhere on this worksheet and multiply across to find the actual heat loss factor of each component. If using pre-calculated component U-values, **do not calculate separate cavity and solid figures or apply wood frame factors**. Total component heat loss factors in right column to find total envelope heat loss factors.

Component	Cavity Or Solid If Applicable	Area From Sect. A	× Wood Frame Factor**	× Actual 'U' Value From Sect. D	= Heat Loss Factor (UA)
Above-Foundation Windows		(A.1.a.)			
Foundation Windows		(A.1.b)			
Doors		(A.2.c)			
Opaque Basement Wall		(A.5.)			
Opaque Above-Foundation Wall	Cavity				
	Solid	(A.8.)			
Floor Over Unconditioned Spaces	Cavity				
_	Solid	(A.9.)			
Roof or Ceiling	Cavity				
	Solid	(A.10.)			
Floor Over Exterior	Cavity				
	Solid	(A.11.)			
Crawl Space Wall		(A.12.)			
Slab On Grade		(A.13.)Lin. ft.		F-Value	

Total Calculated Envelope Heat Loss Factor- Not to exceed Total Code Allowed Heat Loss Factor of line 10 of Section C. (Enter here: ______) by more than 1%

** Adjustment Factors For Wood-Framed Components - Do not apply if your are using a pre-calculated or default U-Value.

Spacing Of Framing	Stud	Walls	Joists/Rafters		
Members	Cavity Solid		Cavity	Cavity Solid	
12"	.70	.30	.86	.14	
16"	.75	.25	.90	.10	
24"	.78	.22	.93	.07	

F. Heat Loss Factor Due to Air Infiltration (for heating equipment sizing)

Enter appropriate values. A maximum infiltration air change rate of 0.5 per hour is allowed in addition to ventilation losses.

Floor Level	Area (sq ft)	× Height (ft)	Fan Capacity (cfm)	× Constant	× Air Changes Per Hour	= Heat Loss Factor(UA)		
Basement				.018				
Level 1				.018				
Level 2				.018				
Level 3				.018				
Ventilation				.432				
	Total Infiltration & Vantilation Heat Loss Factor							

G. Heating Equipment Sizing

Enter appropriate value to determine the maximum and minimum allowable heating equipment capacity in BTUs/HR. A more detailed calculation may be submitted to the local code official. [4]

Prescriptive						
Package	X =					
Method:	U overall from selected Prescriptive Total Envelope Area					
	Package of Section B (A.14.)					
OR System D	esign Method: Calculated Heat Loss Factor from Sect. E.					
Infiltration & V	Infiltration & Ventilation Heat Loss Factor (from Sect. F.)					
Total Heat Los	=					
Temperature D	×					
	=					
Allowable Hea	× 1.15					
	=					
Planned Furnac						
Make & Model						

Prescriptive Package Tables (Corrected)

(See notes on page 2 of Energy Worksheet; I = insulating sheathing, RT = raised heel roof truss)

Table B-1 Prescriptive packages, Non-electric Heat, Structural Sheathing only

Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R basement	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency
1	0.0370	R21	R42	R7	0.35	0.073	Normal
2	0.0264	R21	R51, RT	R5	0.35	0.073	Normal
3	0.0333	R15	R42	R10	0.35	0.073	Normal
4	0.0440	R19	R33	R10	0.35	0.073	Normal
5	0.0330	R13	R42	R11	0.35	0.073	Normal
6	0.0480	R19	R33	R11	0.35	0.073	Normal
7	0.0600	R21	R47	R11	0.35	0.073	Normal
8	0.0407	R13	R44	R13	0.35	0.073	Normal
9	0.0600	R19	R42	R13	0.35	0.073	Normal
10	0.0680	R21	R38, RT	R13	0.35	0.073	Normal
11	0.0296	R13	R49	R5	0.35	0.086	High
12	0.0440	R19	R30	R5	0.35	0.086	High
13	0.0520	R21	R33	R5	0.35	0.086	High
14	0.0720	R13	R47	R10	0.35	0.086	High
15	0.0784	R19	R38	R10	0.47	0.086	High
16	0.0640	R13	R33	R11	0.47	0.086	High
17	0.0896	R19	R49	R11	0.35	0.086	High
18	0.0896	R21	R34	R11	0.35	0.086	High
19	0.0920	R19	R34	R11	0.47	0.086	High
20	0.0840	R13	R49	R13	0.35	0.086	High
21	0.0840	R19	R30	R13	0.47	0.086	High
22	0.0896	R21	R31	R13	0.47	0.086	High
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R crawl	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency
23	0.0520	R19	R34	R19	0.47	0.070	Normal
24	0.0672	R13	R36	R19	0.47	0.083	High
25	0.0720	R13	R33	R19	0.47	0.083	High
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R slab	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency
26	0.0560	R21	R36	R5	0.47	0.103	Normal
27	0.0728	R13	R36	R5	0.47	0.121	High
28	0.0760	R13	R34	R5	0.47	0.121	High
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R heated-slab	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency
29	0.0560	R21	R47	R5	0.47	0.101	Normal
30	0.0728	R13	R42	R5	0.47	0.120	High
31	0.0760	R13	R38	R5	0.47	0.120	High
Package	Glazing Factor	R wall	R ceiling	R floor	U door	U overall	HVAC Equipment Efficiency
32	0.0480	R19	R47	R19	0.35	0.065	Normal
33	0.0728	R19	R36	R19	0.47	0.077	High
34	0.0560	R13	R34	R19	0.47	0.077	High
Table B-2 Prescriptive packages, Non-electric Heat, Insulating Sheathing							

HVAC Equipment Efficiency Package Glazing Factor R wall R ceiling R basement U door U overall 35 0.0370 R20, I R42 R7 0.35 0.073 Normal 36 0.0363 R28, I R38, RT R5 0.35 0.073 Normal 37 0.0552 R18, I R44 R10 0.35 0.073 Normal 38 0.0560 R20, I R47 R10 0.35 0.073 Normal 39 0.0560 R23, I R34 R10 0.35 0.073 Normal 40 0.0560 R18, I R47 R11 0.35 0.073 Normal 41 0.0616 R23, I R42 R11 0.35 0.073 Normal 0.073 42 0.0546 R18, I R44 R11 0.35 Normal 43 0.0672 R23, I R40 R13 0.35 0.073 Normal 44 0.0720 R25, I R36 R13 0.350.073 Normal 45 0.0504 R18, I R40 R5 0.35 0.086High 46 0.0560 R19, I R47 R5 0.35 0.086 High 47 0.0560 R23, I R38 R5 0.47 0.086 High 48 0.0600 R25, I R38 R5 0.47 0.086 High R26, I 49 R42 0.35 0.086 0.0680 R5 High 50 0.0680 R28, I R47 R5 0.47 0.086 High 51 0.0672 R26, I R47 R5 0.35 0.086 High 52 0.0672 R28, I R38 R5 0.35 0.086 High R7 0.47 53 0.0720 R20, I R42 0.086 High 54 0.0855 R18, I R36 R11 0.35 0.086 High